# Lecture-2

## Downloading Bootstrap-

If you want to download and host Bootstrap yourself, go to <u>getbootstrap.com</u>, and follow the instructions there.

## Bootstrap CDN-

If you don't want to download and host Bootstrap yourself, you can include it from a CDN (Content Delivery Network).

MaxCDN provides CDN support for Bootstrap's CSS and JavaScript. You must also include jQuery:

```
<!-- Latest compiled and minified CSS -->
<link rel="stylesheet"href="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/
3.3.7/css/bootstrap.min.css">
```

```
<!-- jQuery library -->
<script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.2.1/jquery
.min.js"></script></script></script>
```

```
<!-- Latest compiled JavaScript --> <script src="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/3.3.7/js/bootst rap.min.js"></script>
```

## Create First Web Page With Bootstrap-

#### 1. Add the HTML5 doctype

Bootstrap uses HTML elements and CSS properties that require the HTML5 doctype.

Always include the HTML5 doctype at the beginning of the page, along with the lang attribute and the correct character set:

# <meta charset="utf-8"> </head> </html>

#### 2. Bootstrap 3 is mobile-first-

Bootstrap 3 is designed to be responsive to mobile devices. Mobile-first styles are part of the core framework.

To ensure proper rendering and touch zooming, add the following <meta> tag inside the <head> element:

## <meta name="viewport" content="width=devi ce-width, initial-scale=1">

#### 3. Containers-

Bootstrap also requires a containing element to wrap site contents.

There are two container classes to choose from:

- 1. The .container class provides a responsive **fixed width container**
- 2. The **.container-fluid** class provides a **full width container**, spanning the entire width of the viewport

**Note:** Containers are not nestable (you cannot put a container inside another container).